

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR BELMONT PARISH COUNCIL

1. Belmont Parish Council has adopted the following code which has effect from 13th April 2023 and will be reviewed annually. The Code which sets out the conduct that is expected of elected and co-opted Parish Councillors when they are acting in that capacity.
2. This means the code applies whenever you:
 - (a) conduct the business of the Parish Council (including the business of your office as an elected Parish Councillor or co-opted Parish Councillor); or
 - (b) act, claim to act or give the impression you are acting as a representative of the Parish Council.
3. 'Co-opted member' means any person who is a member of any committee or sub-committee of the Council with a right to vote but is not one of its elected Councillors

Part 1 - General Conduct

4. Councillors and co-opted Councillors of Belmont Parish Council are expected to undertake their duties as follows:
 - 4.1 Represent the community and work constructively with employees and partner organisations to ensure the area is a safer place to live, work and visit.
 - 4.2 Behave in a manner that is consistent with the following principles to achieve best value for residents and maintain public confidence in the Parish Council:
 - (a) **Selflessness:** act solely in terms of the public interest and not act in such a way as to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family or friends;
 - (b) **Integrity:** not placing themselves under any financial or other obligation to outside individuals or organisations that might seek to influence them in the performance of their official duties.
 - (c) **Objectivity:** make choices on merit, in carrying out public business, including when making public appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards and benefits
 - (d) **Accountability:** be accountable for their decisions and actions to the public and must submit themselves to whatever scrutiny is appropriate to their office.
 - (e) **Openness:** be as open as possible about all the decisions and actions they take, and give reasons for decisions and restrict information only when the wider public interest or the law clearly demands;

- (f) **Honesty:** declare any private interests relating to their public duties and take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the public interest.
- (g) **Leadership:** promote and support these principles by leadership and example.

4.3 Act in accordance with the principles in paragraph 4.2 and, in particular:

- (a) Champion the needs of residents - the whole community and all constituents, including those who did not vote for them - and put the public interest first;
- (b) Deal with representations or enquiries from residents, Councillors of our communities and visitors fairly, appropriately and impartially;
- (c) Not allow other pressures, including the financial interests of themselves or others connected to them, to deter them from pursuing the interests of the Parish Council or the good governance of the Parish Council in a proper manner;
- (d) Exercise independent judgement and not compromise their position by placing themselves under obligations to outside individuals or organisations who might seek to influence the way they perform their duties as a Councillor/Co-opted Councillor of the Parish Council;
- (e) Listen to the interests of all parties, including relevant advice from statutory and other professional officers, take all relevant information into consideration, remain objective and make decisions on merit;
- (f) Be accountable for decisions and cooperate when scrutinised internally and externally, including by local residents;
- (g) Contribute to making the Authority's decision-making processes as open and transparent as possible to ensure residents understand the reasoning behind those decisions and are informed when holding the Authority to account but restricting access to information when the wider public interest or the law requires it;
- (h) Behave in accordance with all legal obligations, alongside any requirements contained within the Parish Council's policies, protocols and procedures, including on the use of the Parish Council's resources;
- (i) Value colleagues and staff and engage with them in an appropriate manner and one that underpins the mutual respect that is essential to good local government;
- (j) Always treat people with respect, including the organisations and public they engage with and work alongside;

Respect means politeness and courtesy in behaviour, speech, and in the written word. Debate and having different views are all part of a healthy democracy.

Councillors should express, challenge, criticise and disagree with views, ideas, opinions and policies in a robust but civil manner. Councillors must not, however, subject individuals, groups of people or organisations to personal attack.

Councillors should treat members of the public politely and courteously. Rude and offensive behaviour lowers the public's expectations and confidence in Councillors. Councillors equally have a right to expect respectful behaviour from the public. If Councillors of the public are being abusive, intimidating or threatening, Councillors may stop any conversation or interaction in person or online and report them to the local authority, the relevant social media provider or the police. This also applies to fellow Councillors, where appropriate action could then be taken under the Code of Conduct, and local authority employees, where concerns should be raised in line with the local authority's relevant protocols;

- (k) Provide leadership through behaving in accordance with these principles when championing the interests of the community with other organisations as well as within this Authority;
- (l) Not disclose information given to them in confidence by anyone or information acquired, which they believe, or ought reasonably to be aware, is of a confidential nature, without express authority and or unless the law requires it;
- (m) Not to bully or harass any person (including specifically any Parish Council employee) and you must not intimidate or improperly influence, or attempt to intimidate or improperly influence, any person who is involved in any complaint about any alleged breach of the code of conduct.

Bullying may be characterised as: offensive, intimidating, malicious or insulting behaviour; or an abuse or misuse of power in a way that intends to undermine, humiliate, criticise unfairly or injure someone.

Harassment may be characterised as unwanted conduct which has the purpose or effect of violating an individual's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for an individual.

Bullying and or harassment may take many forms, it could include but is not limited to age, disability, gender reassignment, race, religion, belief, sex and or sexual orientation.

- (n) Not to bring the role of Councillor or the local authority into disrepute and be aware that the actions and behaviour of a Councillor are subject to greater scrutiny than that of ordinary members of the public;
- (o) To hold the local authority and fellow Councillors to account and constructively challenge and express concern about decisions and processes undertaken by the Parish Council whilst continuing to adhere to other aspects of this Code of Conduct.

- 4.4 It is expected that Councillors will at all times comply requests as part of Code of Conduct investigations and any arising outcomes. Councillors will not submit malicious or trivial complaints.
- 4.5 Where it is alleged that a Councillors has failed to act in accordance with the Code, a complaint will be presented to the Parish Clerk for consideration in accordance with the Local Assessment Procedure and where necessary the Local Determination Procedure.

Part 2 • Registration of interests

Register of Interests

5.1 Councillors must:

- (a) register and, where appropriate, disclose those disclosable pecuniary interests that they are obliged to declare under the Localism Act and associated regulations; and
- (b) register anybody of which they are a member (or in a position of general control or management) to which you were appointed or nominated by the Parish Council; and
- (c) register details of their Councillorship of any organisation or body whose rules or requirements of Councillorship could be regarded as suggesting a degree of loyalty to that organisation or body. This could arise by reason of an organisation having an obligation of secrecy about its rules, its Councillorship or conduct and or a commitment of allegiance or support to that organisation or body. Such organisations or bodies may or may not be charitable concerns and they may also have a local, regional, national or international aspect; and
- (d) register details of my Councillorship of any trade union within the meaning of Section 1 of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.

5.2 Registration of interests shall be completed by provision of details upon a signed prescribed form which is submitted to the Parish Clerk. Councillors must ensure they keep the register updated and acknowledge that its contents will be published on the Authority's website and will be open to the public to inspect.

6. Disclosable Pecuniary Interests Entered on the Register

If Councillors are present at a meeting of the Authority and:

- (a) they are aware that they have a disclosable pecuniary interest under paragraph 5.1(a) above in any matter to be considered or being considered at the meeting; and
- (b) the interest is entered in the Authority's register they may not participate in any discussion or further discussion of an item of business or in any vote or further vote taken on that item which affects or relates to the subject matter in which they have such an interest; and they must leave the room where the meeting is held while any discussion and or voting takes place.

7. **Disclosable Pecuniary Interests NOT Entered on the Register**

7.1 If Councillors are present at a meeting of the Authority and:

- (a) aware that they have a disclosable pecuniary interest under paragraph 5.1(a) above in any matter to be considered or being considered at the meeting; **and**
- (b) the interest is not entered in the Authority's register,

they must disclose the interest to the meeting. Furthermore, they may not participate or further participate in any discussion of the matter at the meeting or participate in any vote or further vote taken on the matter at the meeting and must leave the room where the meeting is held while any discussion and or voting takes place.

7.2 If an interest referred to in 5.1(a) above is not entered on the Authority's register and is not the subject of a pending registration, Councillors must notify the Parish Clerk to the of the Co interest within 28 days of the date of the disclosure.

7.3 Councillors with the power to discharge an Authority function acting alone will have a disclosable pecuniary interest in any matter to be dealt with or being dealt with by them in the course of discharging that function:

- (a) they may not take any steps, or any further steps, in relation to the matter (except for the purpose of enabling the matter to be dealt with otherwise than by them); **and**
- (b) if the interest is not entered on the Council's register and is not the subject of a pending registration, they must notify the Parish Clerk of the interest within 28 days of becoming aware of the interest.

8. **Sensitive Interests**

8.1 This applies to a situation where a Member considers that the disclosure of the details of your interest - including that of your spouse or partner - could lead to you, or a person connected with you, being subject to violence or intimidation.

8.2 In such circumstances you should share your concerns with the Parish Clerk. If the Parish Clerk agrees with you, then the details of the interest will not be included in the Parish Council's published Register of Interests, but the Register may state that you had registered an interest the details of which had been withheld under Section 32 of the Localism Act 2011.

8.3 If the Parish Clerk has accepted that you have a sensitive interest under Section 32 of the Localism Act 2011, you should declare the existence of the interest at any meeting at which you are present but you need not declare the details of the interest.

8.4 If circumstances change and the information excluded from the Register on the grounds of sensitivity is no longer sensitive information, the Member must notify the Parish Clerk within 28 days.

9. **Other Relevant Interests**

- 9.1 Councillors may have an Other Relevant Interest (which is not a disclosable pecuniary interest) in any matter to be considered or being considered at the meeting) where:
- (a) a decision in relation to that matter might reasonably be regarded as affecting the well-being or financial standing of them or a member of their family or a person with whom they have a close association, or an organisation or body under paragraph 5.1(b), 5.1(c) or 5.1(d) above, to a greater extent than it would affect the majority of the Council Tax payers, ratepayers or inhabitants of the ward or electoral area for which they have been elected or otherwise of the authority's administrative area; **and**
 - (b) the interest is one that a member of the public with knowledge of the relevant facts would reasonably regard as so significant that it is likely to prejudice their judgement of the public interest.

9.2 Where a member has an Other Relevant Interest in an item of business as described in 9.1, the member shall declare it at the earliest opportunity. The member may make a representation on the item but will not be permitted to participate in any discussion or vote taken on the matter at the meeting. The member must leave the meeting once the representation has been made to avoid influence on those making the decision.

10. **Gifts and Hospitality**

- 10.1 Councillors must, within 28 days of receipt, notify the Parish Clerk in writing of any gift, benefit or hospitality with a value in excess of £50 which they have been offered as a member from any person or body other than the Authority, whether the offer is accepted or declined.
- 10.2 The Parish Clerk will place any notification received under paragraph 10.1 on a public register of gifts and hospitality.
- 10.3 The duty to notify the Parish Clerk does not apply where the gift, benefit or hospitality has been approved by the Authority for this purpose.

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